primarily the responsibility of the concerned State Governments to take measures to prevent pollution of ground water and to formulate schemes to provide people with contamination free water. However, the CGWB has provided technical guidance to the States and has organized a number of mass awareness programmes to educate the people for the purpose. The CGWB also monitors ground water quality periodically to map the changes in it and apprises the State Governments of the same for taking necessary remedial measures. It has also drilled exploratory wells tapping contamination free aquifer zones and has handed over these wells to the State Governments for utilisation.

Besides, the Department of Drinking Water Supply, under the Ministry fo Rural Development, is rendering financial and technical assistance to the States for tackling water quality problems in rural areas through a Centrally Sponsored Accelerated rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP). 15% of ARWSP funds have been exclusively earmarked for Sub Mission project for tackling water quality problems. With effect from 01.04.1998, powers to sanction Sub Mission projects have been delegated to States.

Utilization of World Bank Funds

1530. SHRI R.P. GOENKA:
SHRI MOTILAL VORA:

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the World Bank has assured to provide about $1 billion annually for various water projects in India over the next four years;

(b) if so, the details of the plans/projects drawn up for utilization of the World Bank funds and the present status of their implementation; and

(c) the condition put by the World Bank for providing assistance for these projects?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI JAI PRAKASH NARAYAN YADAV): (a) No, Sir. However, the Country Director, World Bank during the National workshop on "Challenges of Water Development and Management in India and Future Strategies" organized by this Ministry in January, 2005 has informed enhancement of funding the water resources projects from present level of US $200 million per year to about US $800 million per year by the World Bank.

(b) A list of ongoing schemes is given in the Statement (*see* below).

(c) There are no pre conditions for providing assistance for these projects.

Statement

Details of Plans/Projects drawn up for utilization of World Bank Funds and present Status of Implementation

S. No.	State	Name of Projects	Date of Agreement/ Completion	Assistance amount in Million Donor Currency	Type of Assistance	Cumulative Disbursement upto 31.1.05 Million US$/ SDR (Rs. in crores)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	A.P. Economic Restructuring Project (Irrigation component) Ln-4360-IN	04.02.1999 30.09.2005	US$ 170	Loan	US$ 128.66 Rs.578.97
2.	Karnataka	Karnataka Community Based Tank Management Project CR.3635-IN	06.06.2002 31.1.2009	SDR 80	Credit	SDR 6.38 Rs.4212
3.	Madhya Pradesh	Madhya Pradesh Water Sector Restructuring Project	30.11.2004 30..11.2010	USD 396	Loan	0.00
4.	Rajasthan	Rajasthan Water Sector Restructuring Project Cr.3603-IN	15.3.2002 31.3 2008	SDR 110	Credit	SDR 16.67 Rs. 109.315
5.	Uttar Pradesh	UP Water Sector Restructuring Project Cr. 3602-IN	08.3.2002 31.10.2007	SDR 117	Credit	SDR 11.95 Rs.77.78

Funding of Irrigation Projects

1531. SHRI JESUDASU SEELAM:
DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY:

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Planning Commission and his Ministry have sought funding of major projects to ensure their speedier completion;

(b) whether it is a fact that there are about 160 major irrigation projects which include construction of dams and reservoirs under implementation;

(c) if so, whether these projects also include projects that were started prior to Fifth Plan period;